**Queries: World (Practice)**

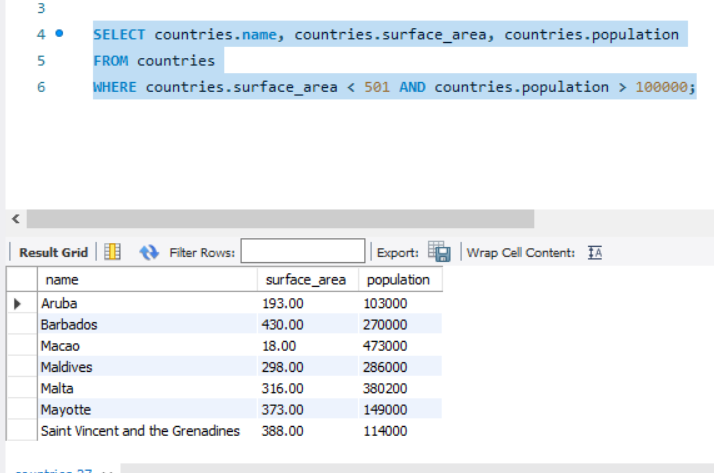
*Table aliasing is not used in these example solutions, but it is perfectly acceptable if students chose to implement this practice.*

​1. What query would you run to get all the countries with Surface Area below 501 and Population greater than 100,000? Include the country name, surface area, and population in your results.

SELECT countries.name, countries.surface\_area, countries.population

FROM countries

WHERE countries.surface\_area < 501 AND countries.population > 100000;



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2. What query would you run to get countries with only Constitutional Monarchy with a capital greater than 200 and a life expectancy greater than 75 years? Include the country name, form of government, and capital in your results.

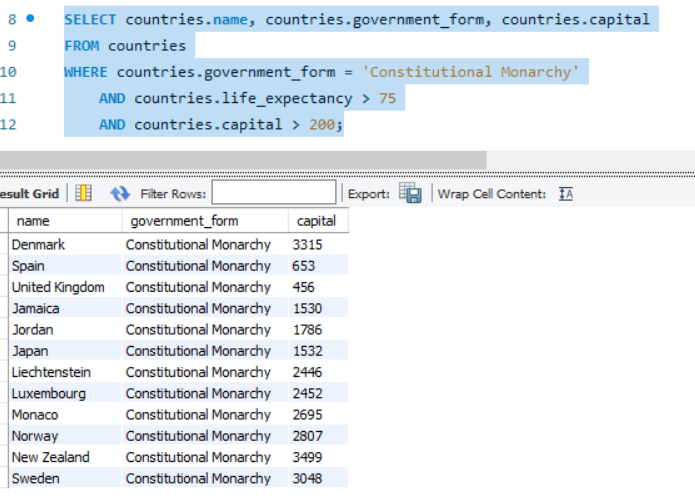
SELECT countries.name, countries.government\_form, countries.capital

FROM countries

WHERE countries.government\_form = 'Constitutional Monarchy'

AND countries.life\_expectancy > 75

AND countries.capital > 200;



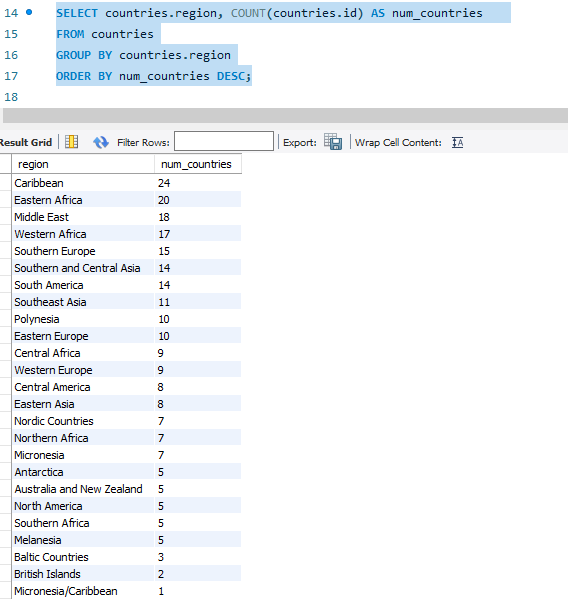
3. What query would you run to summarize the number of countries in each region? The query should display the name of the region and the number of countries. Also, the query should arrange the result by the number of countries in descending order. ​​

SELECT countries.region, COUNT(countries.id) AS num\_countries

FROM countries

GROUP BY countries.region

ORDER BY num\_countries DESC;



4. What query would you run to get all the countries that speak Slovene? Your query should return the name of the country, language and language percentage. Your query should arrange the result by language percentage in descending order.

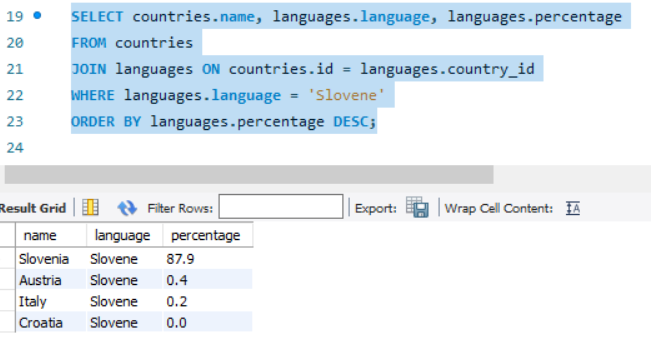
SELECT countries.name, languages.language, languages.percentage

FROM countries

JOIN languages ON countries.id = languages.country\_id

WHERE languages.language = 'Slovene'

ORDER BY languages.percentage DESC;



5. What query would you run to display the total number of cities for each country? Your query should return the name of the country and the total number of cities. Your query should arrange the result by the number of cities in descending order.

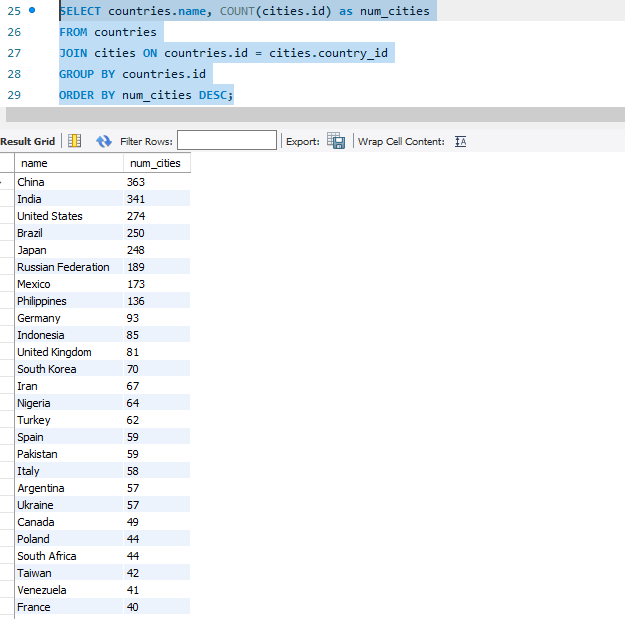
SELECT countries.name, COUNT(cities.id) as num\_cities

FROM countries

JOIN cities ON countries.id = cities.country\_id

GROUP BY countries.id

ORDER BY num\_cities DESC;



Output continues…

6. What query would you run to get all the cities in Mexico with a population of greater than 500,000? Your query should arrange the result by population in descending order.

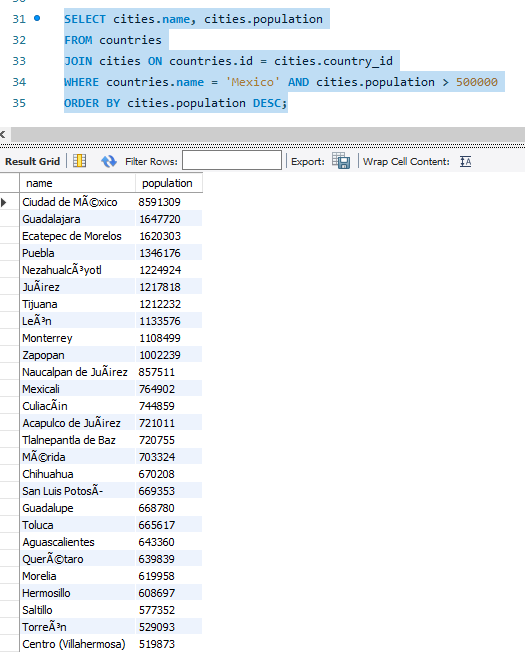
SELECT cities.name, cities.population

FROM countries

JOIN cities ON countries.id = cities.country\_id

WHERE countries.name = 'Mexico' AND cities.population > 500000

ORDER BY cities.population DESC;



7. What query would you run to get all languages in each country with a percentage greater than 89%? Include the country name, language, and percentage. Your query should arrange the result by percentage in descending order.

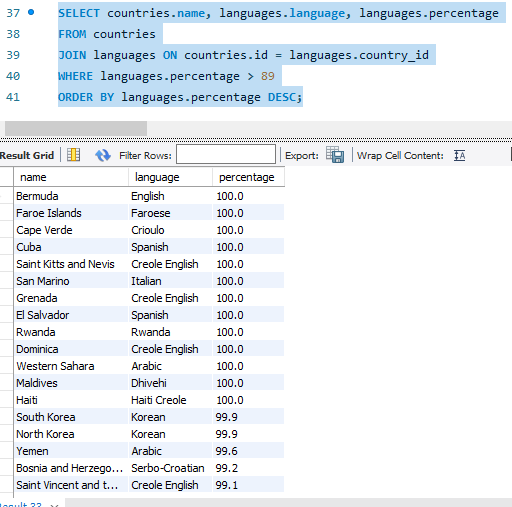
SELECT countries.name, languages.language, languages.percentage

FROM countries

JOIN languages ON countries.id = languages.country\_id

WHERE languages.percentage > 89

ORDER BY languages.percentage DESC;



Output continues…

8. What query would you run to get all the cities of Argentina inside the Buenos Aires district and have the population greater than 500, 000? The query should return the Country Name, City Name, District and Population.

SELECT countries.name, cities.name, cities.district, cities.population

FROM countries

JOIN cities ON countries.id = cities.country\_id

WHERE countries.name = 'Argentina'

AND cities.district = 'Buenos Aires'

AND cities.population > 500000;

